# Using Geospatial Indicators of Watershed Condition to Support Freshwater Conservation Actions



#### Thursday, April 21, 2022, 1:00pm - 3:00pm Eastern

#### Speakers:

- · Ryan Hill, Geospatial Aquatic Ecologist, Office of Research and Development, EPA
- · Luisa Riato, ORISE Postdoctoral Fellow, Office of Research and Development, EPA
- · Marc Weber, Geographer, Office of Research and Development, EPA

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# Watershed Academy Webcast

- The slides for today's presentations are posted on the Watershed Academy webpage.
- A recording of the webcast will be posted within the next month.

www.epa.gov/watershedacademy

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# Webcast Logistics

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- To Report any Technical Issues (such as audio problems) Type your issue in the "Questions" tool box on the right side of your screen and click "Send" and we will respond by posting an answer in the "Questions" box.
- During the demonstration Please follow along with the live demonstration and refrain from accessing the tool until after the webcast.

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# **Audience Polling**

# Speakers

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- Marc Weber, Geographer, Office of Research and Development, EPA

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## Using Geospatial Indicators of Watershed Condition to Support Freshwater Conservation Actions

Ryan Hill<sup>1</sup>

Luisa Riato<sup>2</sup>

Marc Weber<sup>1</sup>

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The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the views or policies of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

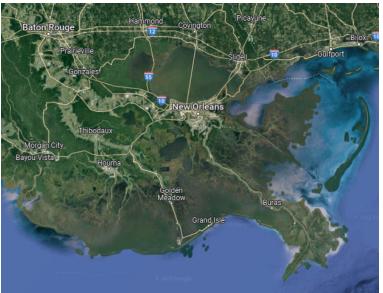
# Outline -

- Ryan Hill
  - Overview of geospatial data (StreamCat), Indices of watershed and catchment integrity
- Luisa Riato
  - Application of IWI/ICI and StreamCat datasets in stream conservation
- Marc Weber
  - Accessing and using the StreamCat Data

# Understanding rivers

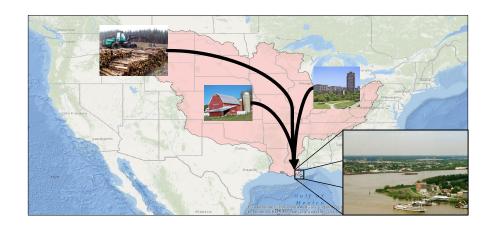
Understanding a river requires more than knowing what is nearby

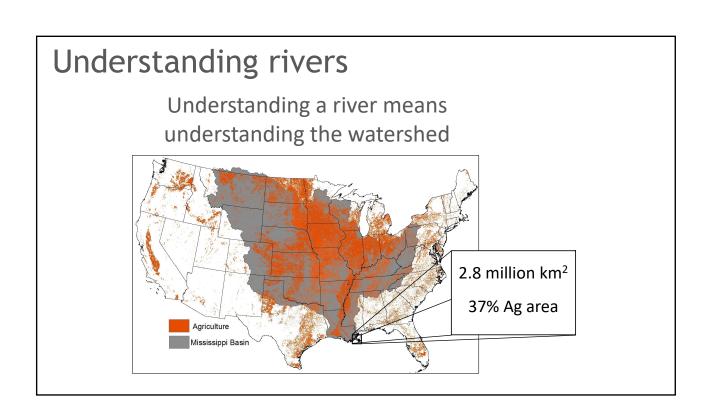
Agriculture composes 0.2% of land area near outlet of Mississippi



# Understanding rivers

Rivers integrate upstream features



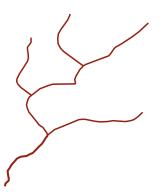


# Overview of Data

NHDPlusV2	→ StreamCat	ICI/IWI
Existing	Suite of	Family of
geospatial	watershed	indicators
framework	metrics we	built from
	calculated	StreamCat
	with the	data
	NHDPlusV2	

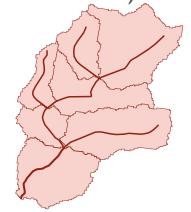
# Overview of Data - NHDPlus (version 2)

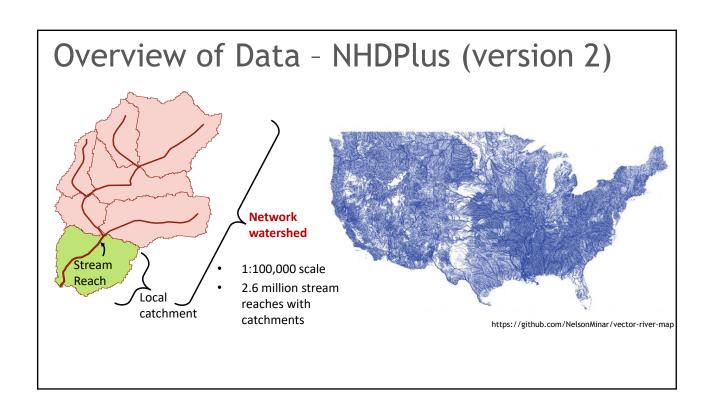
- NHD Line network of streams
- 2 resolutions (24k versus 100K)



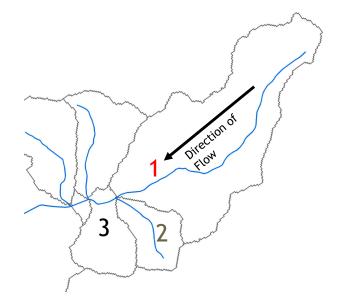
Overview of Data - NHDPlus (version 2)

- NHD Line network of streams
- 2 resolutions (24k versus 100K)
- Combined with digital elevation data to make value added product -NHDPlus (version 2)
- NHDPlusV2 available at 100K resolution
- Available for download by hydrologic region (e.g., Columbia River Basin)



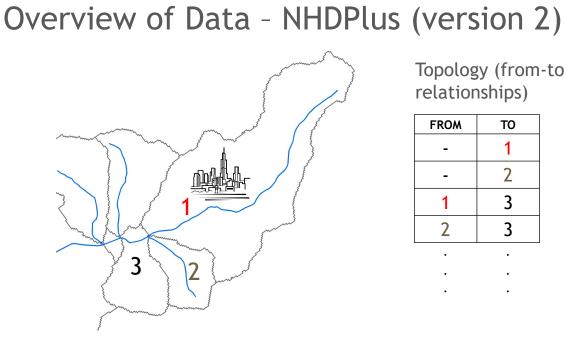


# Overview of Data - NHDPlus (version 2)



Topology (from-to relationships)

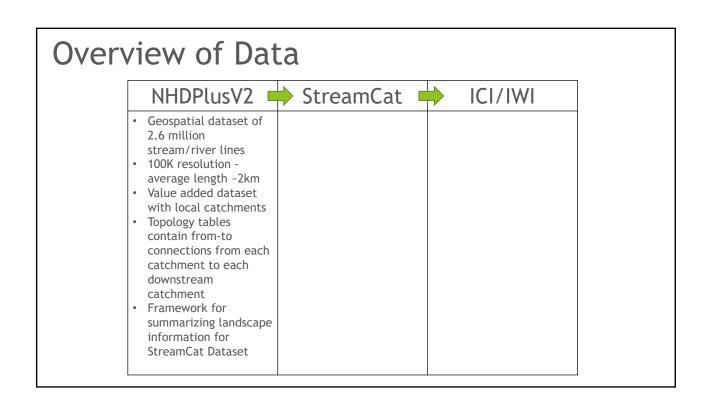
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-	1
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1	3
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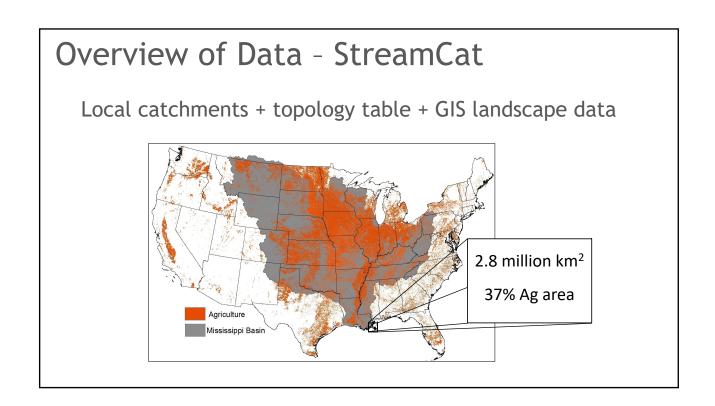


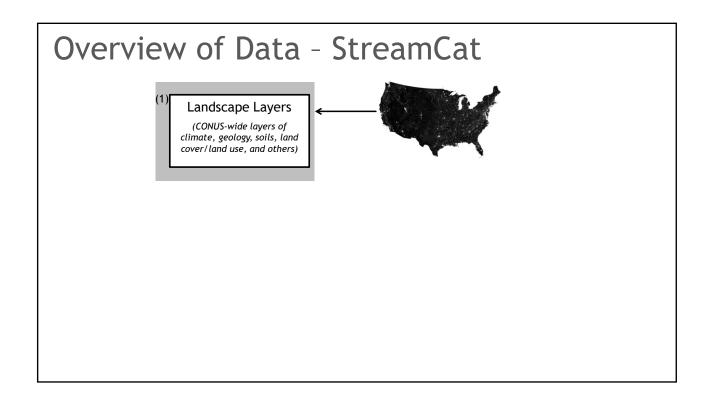
Topology (from-to relationships)

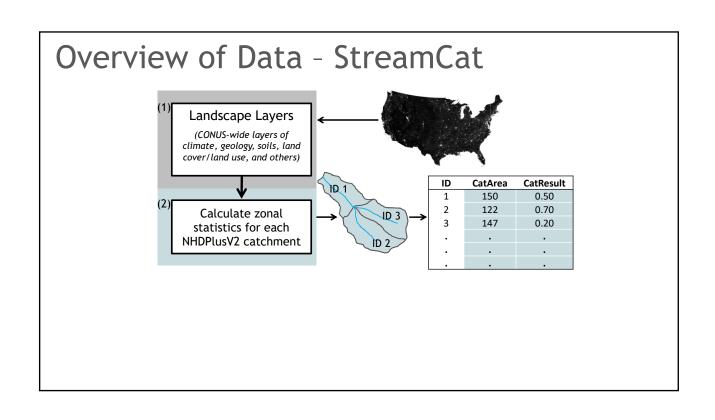
FROM	ТО
-	1
-	2
1	3
2	3

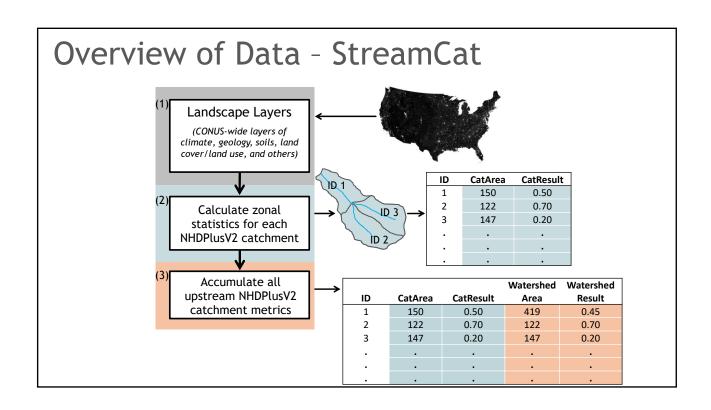
# Overview of Data - NHDPlus (version 2) Local catchments + topology table 2.8 million km² 37% Ag area

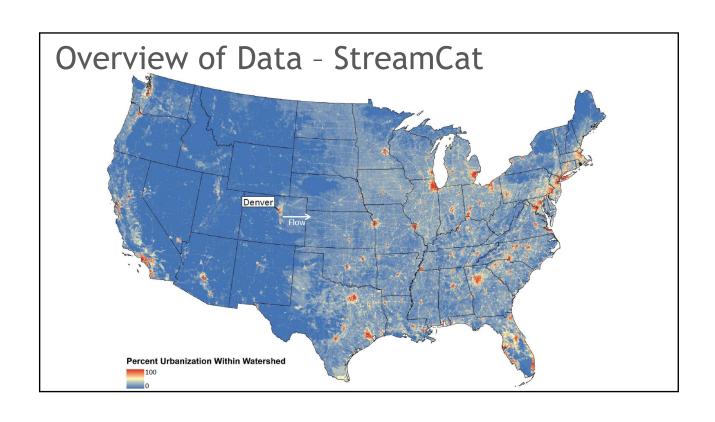




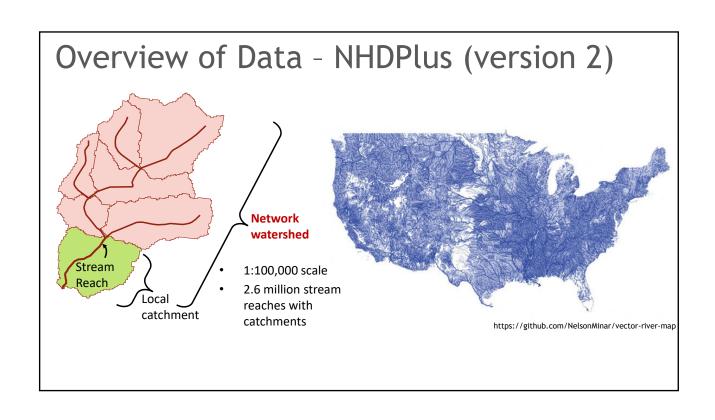


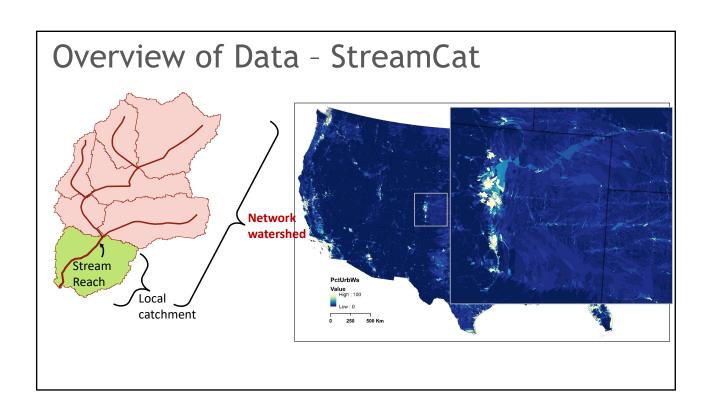






11011 01 00	Lu -	StreamCat	
Variable	Class	Variable	Class
agricultural land cover on slopes ≥ 10%	disturb	mixed forest	natural
agricultural land cover on slopes ≥ 20%	disturb	network catchment area	natural
average runoff 1971 – 2000	natural	NPDES density	disturb
cattle density on farmland	disturb	open space urban	disturb
commerci al/industrial	disturb	open water	natural
cultivated crops	disturb	open wetlands	natural
dam density	disturb	pasture/hay	disturb
Dam storage in basin (DAMSTOR)	disturb	reach elevation	natural
deciduous forest	natural	reach linkage number	natural
deciduous evergreen mixed forest	natural	reach slope	natural
estimated groundwater use	disturb	reach stream order	natural
estimated surface water use	disturb	Road density in watershed (ROADDEN)	disturb
evergreen forest	natural	road length density	disturb
grassland/herbaceous	natural	road/stream intersections	disturb
ground water residence time index	natural	shrub/scrub	natural
high intensity residential	disturb	soil depth to water table	natural
high intensity urban	disturb	soil organic matter	natural
Housing unit density (HUDEN)	disturb	soil permeability	natural
human population density	disturb	soil permeability	natural
Imperviousness	disturb	soil rock depth	natural
		soils - percent clay	natural
Linear distance of sampling site to rearest	disturb	soils - percent sand	natural
canal/ditch/pipeline (DIST_CANAL_NEAR)	distant	Sum of 251 major pesticide compounds	disturb
local catchment area	natural	(PESTIC)	<del></del>
low intensity urban	disturb	Superfund National Priority List density	disturb
mainstern stream classified as "Canal", "Ditch",	disturb	surficial lithography	natural
"Pipeline" or "Artificial"	anotar o	total nitrogen yield	disturb
mean annual air temperature	natural	total phosphorus yield	disturb
mean annual precipitation	natural	Toxics release inventory density	disturb
mean basin elevation	natural	Urban + crops + pasture land cover in 600-m	Haturai
medium intensity urban	disturb	mainstem buffer (URBCP_MAINS)	notivol
mining density	disturb	woody wetlands	natural

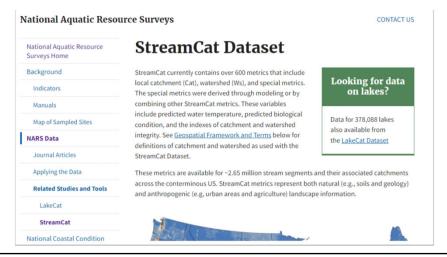




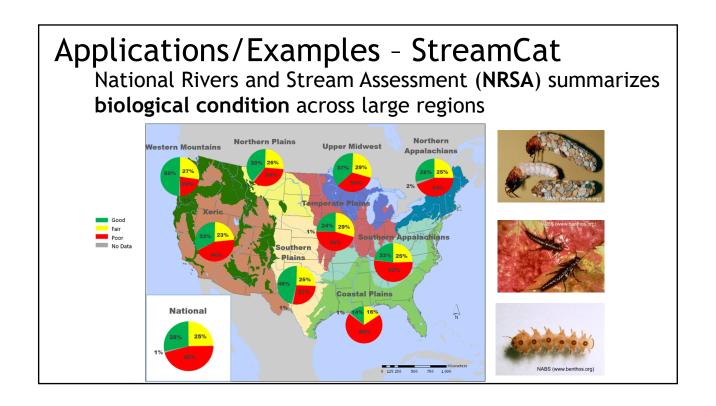
### Overview of Data - StreamCat

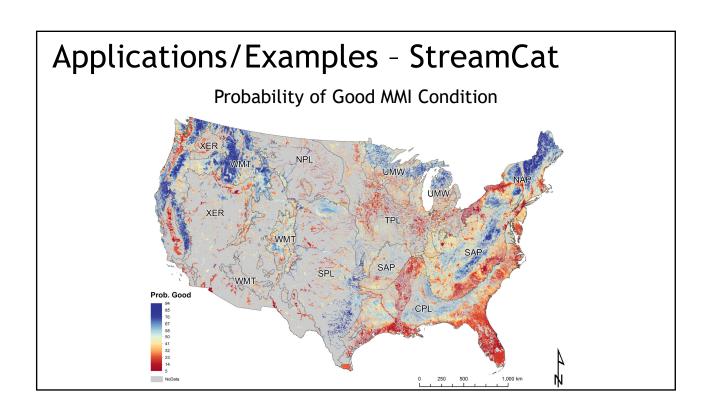
#### Data available through EPA's NARS website

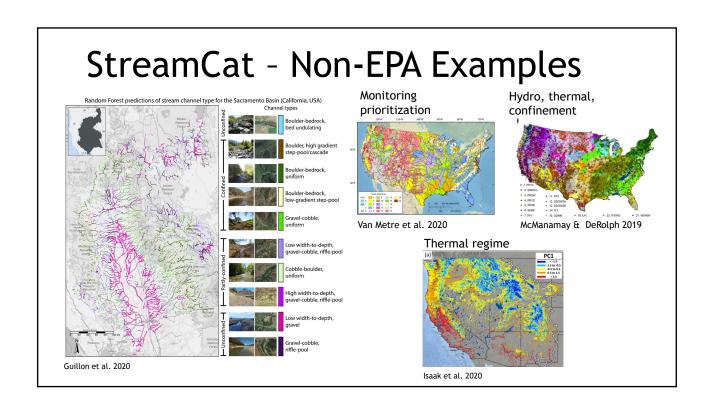
https://www.epa.gov/national-aquatic-resource-surveys/streamcat



#### Overview of Data NHDPlusV2 - StreamCat -ICI/IWI Geospatial dataset of Summaries of 2.6 million geospatial data done stream/river lines with NHDPlusV2 100K resolution -Done with nationallyaverage length ~2km consistent datasets Value added dataset Local catchment and with local catchments watershed summaries Topology tables for ~650 metrics at contain from-to each scale Available for download connections from each catchment to each from EPA downstream Can be linked to catchment NHDPlusV2 streams or Framework for catchments by unique summarizing landscape ID information for StreamCat Dataset

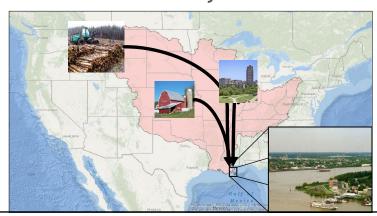






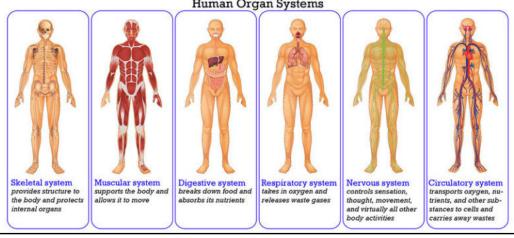
# Overview of Data - Watershed Integrity

- Watersheds provide a variety of ecosystem services valued by society
- Production of these services is sensitive to watershed alteration by human activities



# Overview of Data - Watershed Integrity

- Concept borrows from human health perspective
- Can estimate risk based on things like behavior (e.g., diet or smoking)
  Human Organ Systems

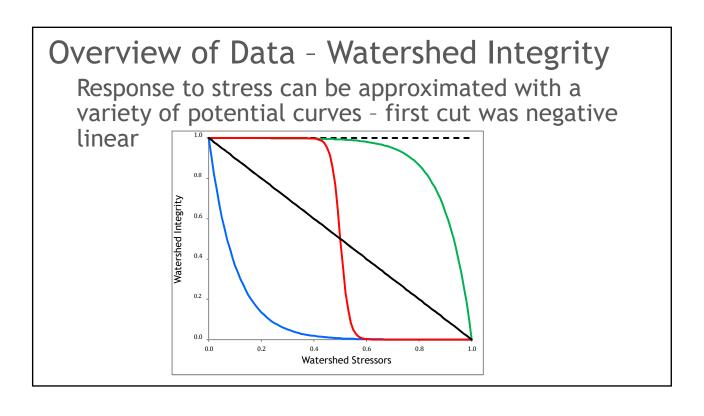


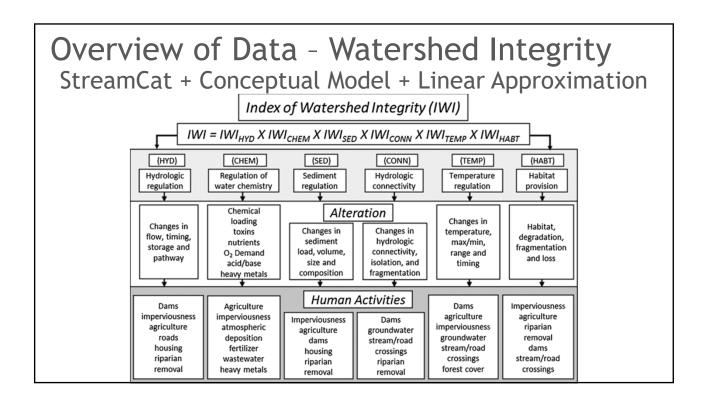
# Overview of Data - Watershed Integrity

Six key functions must be present for a watershed to have integrity (Flotemersch et al. 2015):

- 2. Regulation of water chemistry
- 3. Sediment regulation
- 1. Hydrologic regulation 4. Hydrologic connectivity
  - 5. Temperature regulation
  - 6. Habitat provision

#### Overview of Data - Watershed Integrity Key function Percent of the watershed comprising Regulation of water chemistry Hydrologic regulation (HYD) agricultural land use (NLCD) timing, pattern, supply, and reservoirs (NABD) storage of water that flows Stream channelization Total length and density of canals/ditches through the watershed and levee construction (NHD) Percent imperviousness of human-related landscapes (NLCD) · Alteration to and spatial arrangement of riparian vegetation (LANDFIRE) Boundaries, depths, and flows of aquifers (NA) Groundwater use (NA)\* Maintenance of the natural • Presence and volumes of • Atmospheric deposition of anthropogenic reservoirs (NABD) sources of nitrogen and acid rain (NADP) • Percent of watershed composed of agricultural timing, supply, and storage of the major chemical Stream channelization constituents of freshwaters: and levee construction land uses (NLCD) nutrients (nitrogen & Fertilizer application rates (FERT) Presence and density of wastewater treatment phosphorus), salinity or conductivity, total dissolved facilities (NPDES), industrial facilities (TRI), solids, hydrogen ions (pH), superfund sites (SUPERFUND), and mines and naturally occurring minor (MINES) constituents (e.g., heavy Cattle density (NA)\* metals) Alteration to and spatial arrangement of riparian vegetation (LANDFIRE) · Chemical constituents of groundwater (NA) Flotemersch et al. 2015





## Overview of Data - Watershed Integrity StreamCat + Conceptual Model + Linear Approximation



Research paper

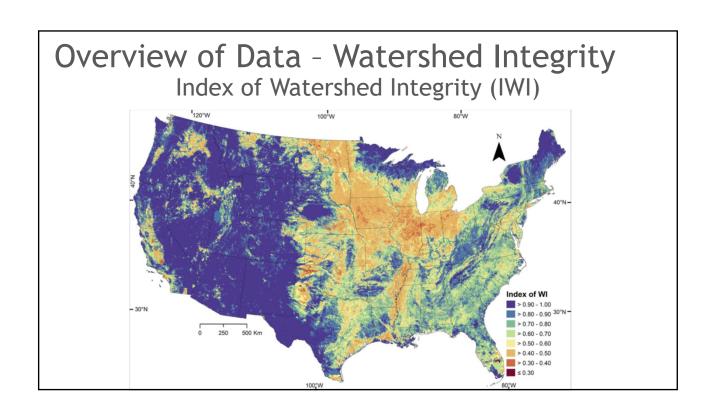
Mapping watershed integrity for the conterminous United States

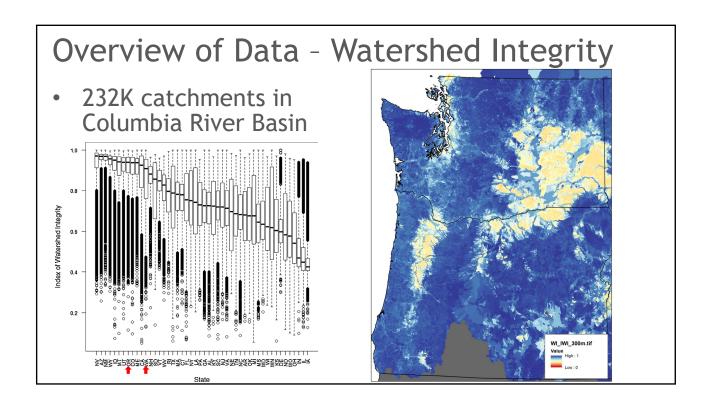


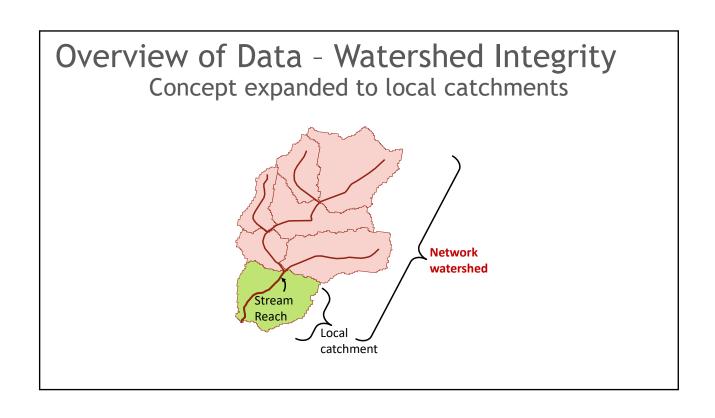
Darren J. Thornbrugh<sup>a,1</sup>, Scott G. Leibowitz<sup>b,\*</sup>, Ryan A. Hill<sup>a</sup>, Marc H. Weber<sup>b</sup>, Zachary C. Johnson<sup>a</sup>, Anthony R. Olsen<sup>b</sup>, Joseph E. Flotemersch<sup>c</sup>, John L. Stoddard<sup>b</sup>, David V. Peck<sup>b</sup>

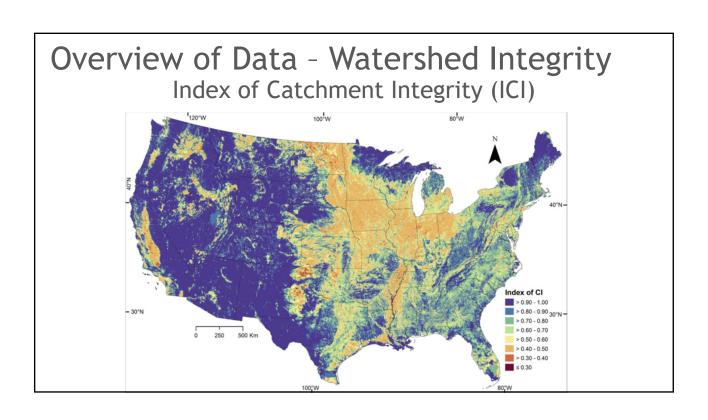
<sup>a</sup> Oak Ridge Institute for Science and Education (ORISE) Post-Doctoral Fellow c/o U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory, Western Ecology Division, 200 SW 35th St., Corvallis, OR 97333, USA
<sup>b</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory, 200 SW 35th St., Corvallis, OR 97333, USA

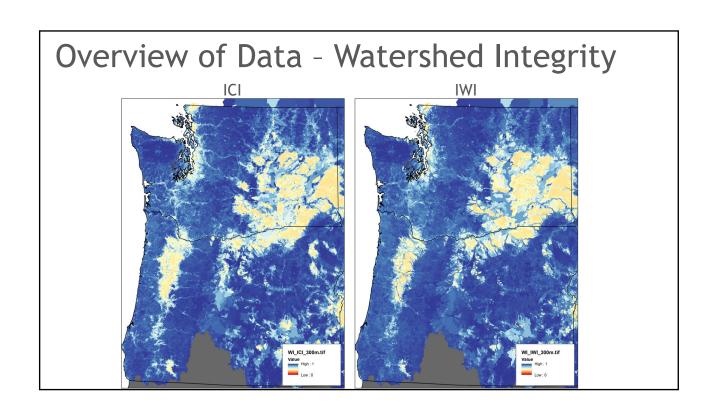
C. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Exposure Research Laboratory, 26 W. Martin Luther King Dr., Cincinnati, OH 45268, USA

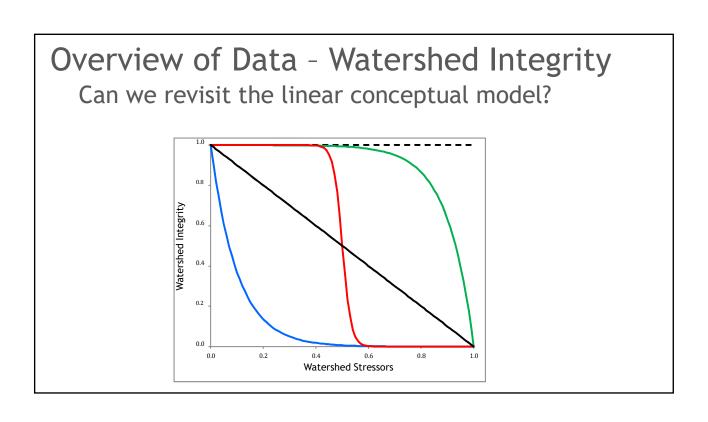


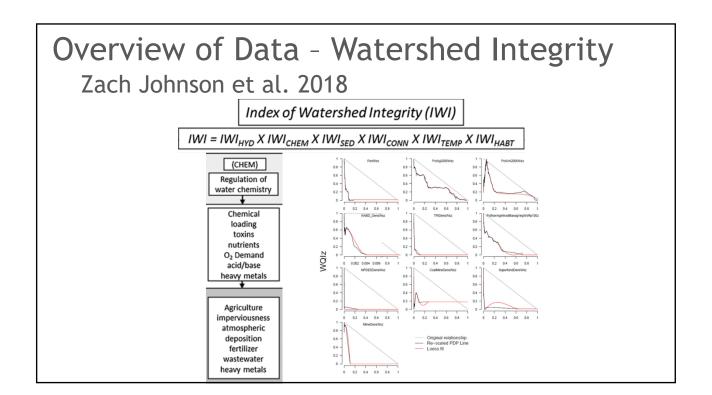


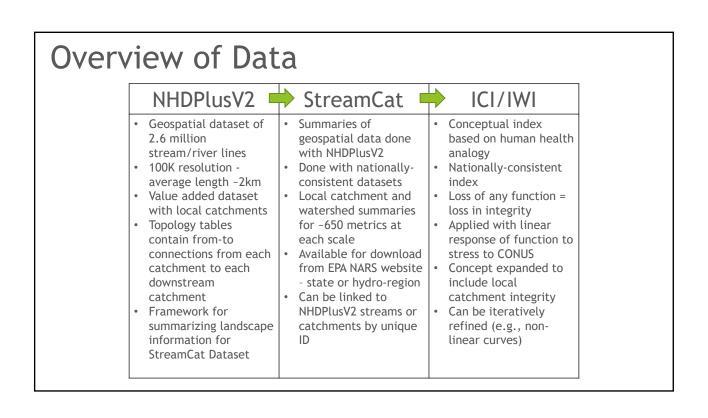


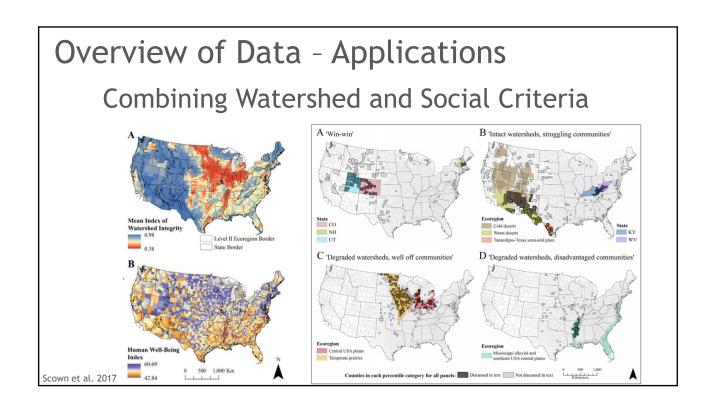


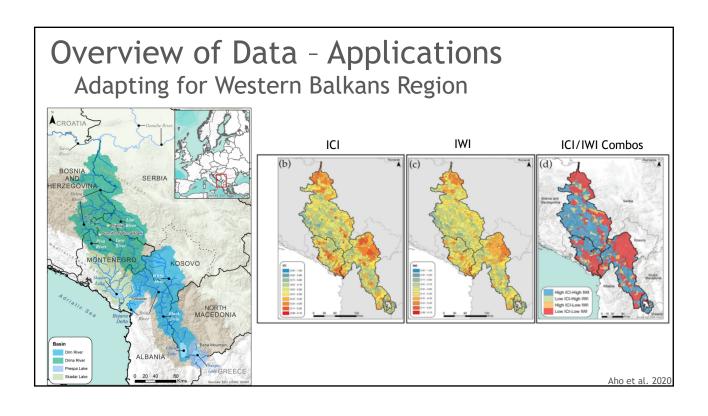


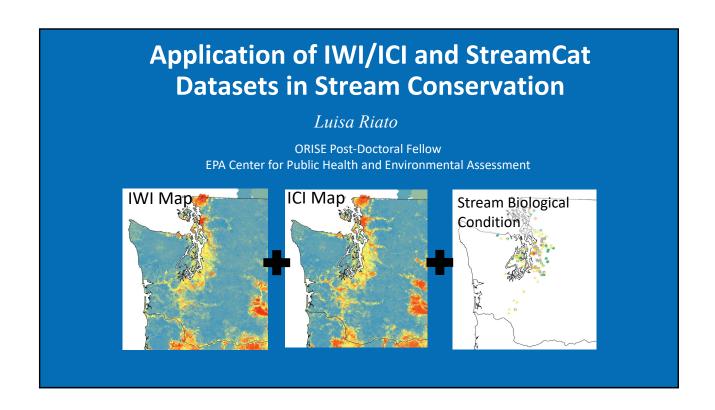


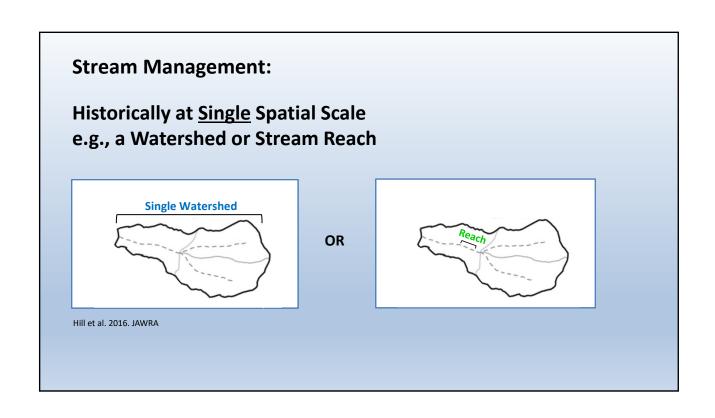




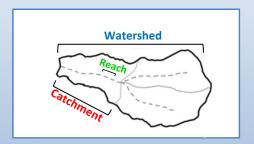








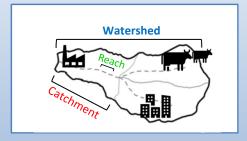
# Stream Management at <u>Multiple</u> Spatial Scales Watershed, Catchment and Stream-Reach scale



- Identify scale(s) which biological condition is responding to stress
- Best spatial scale(s) for management action
- Prioritize streams for restoration/protection

#### **Need Framework To Link:**

# **Landscape Information at Multiple Spatial Scales**



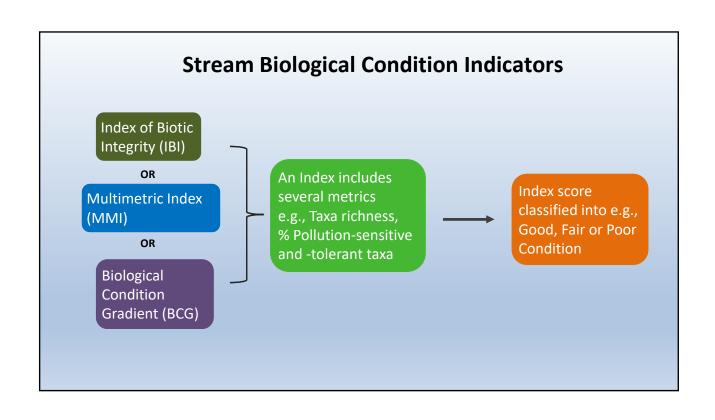


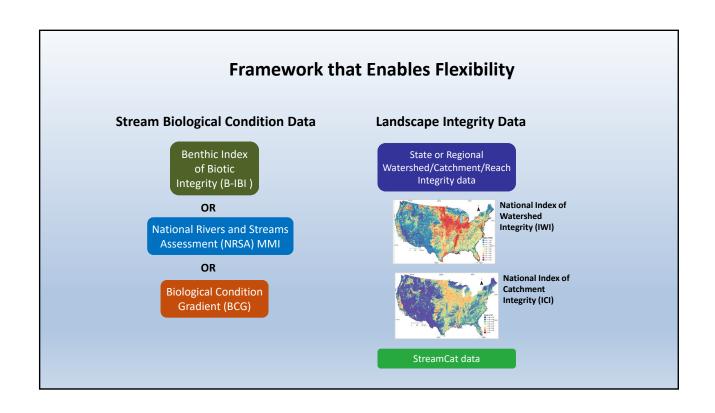
#### **Stream Biological Condition Data**

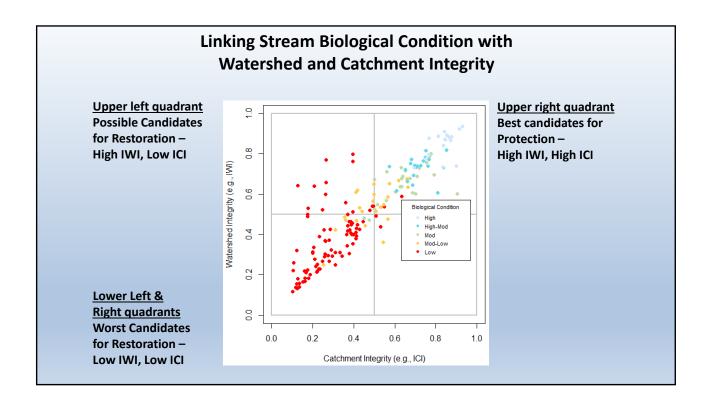


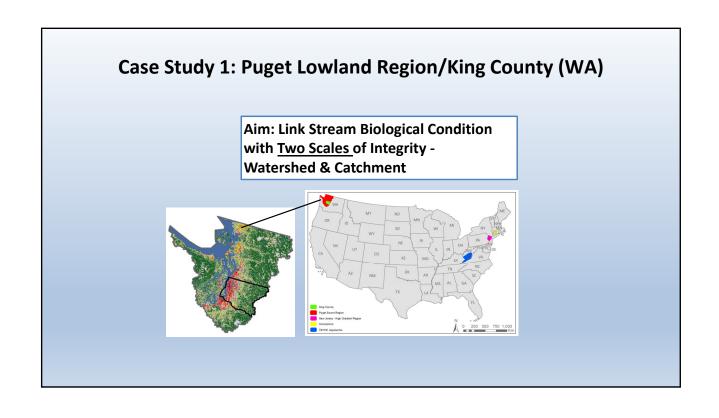












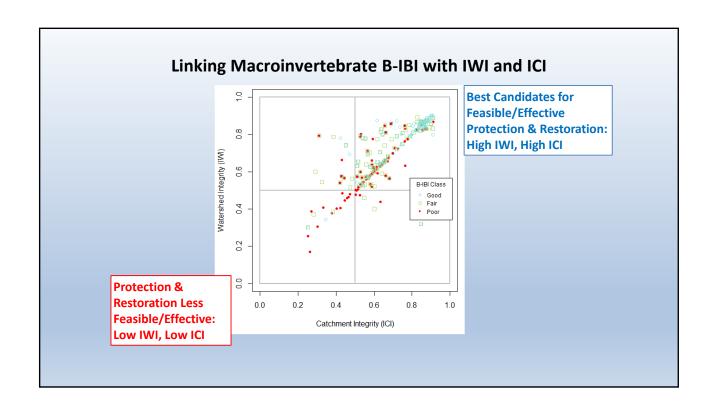
### Case Study 1: Puget Lowland/King County (WA)

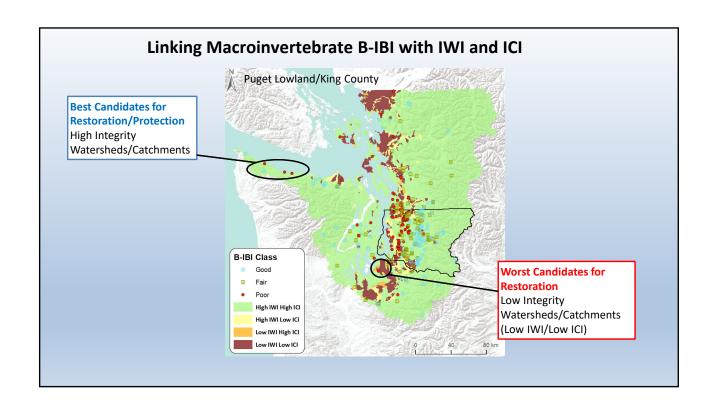
#### **Biological data**

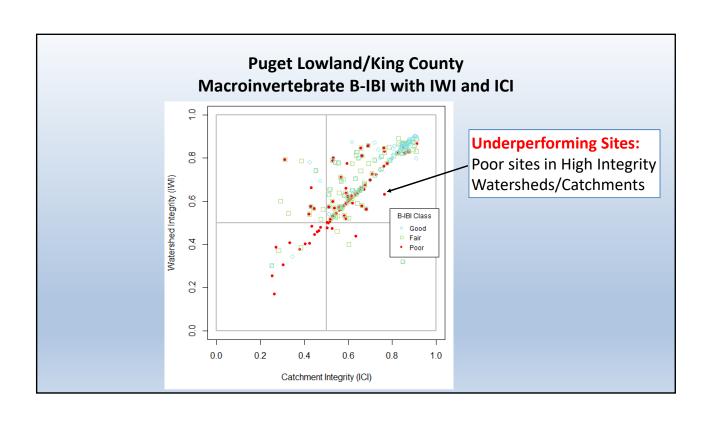
- Macroinvertebrate Benthic Index of Biotic Integrity (B-IBI)
- 782 B-IBI samples Good, Fair or Poor condition

#### **Watershed and Catchment Integrity data**

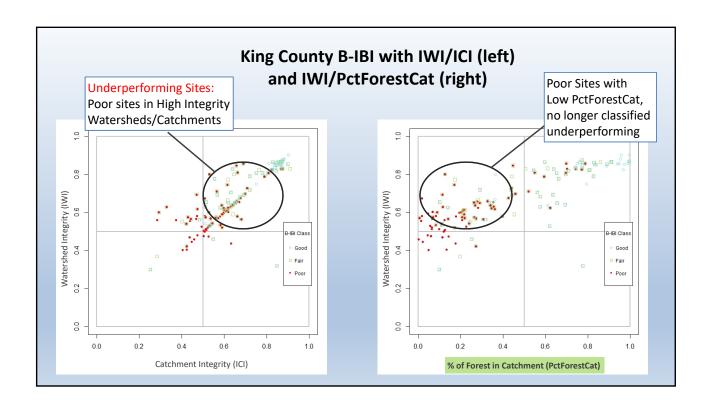
• IWI & ICI values

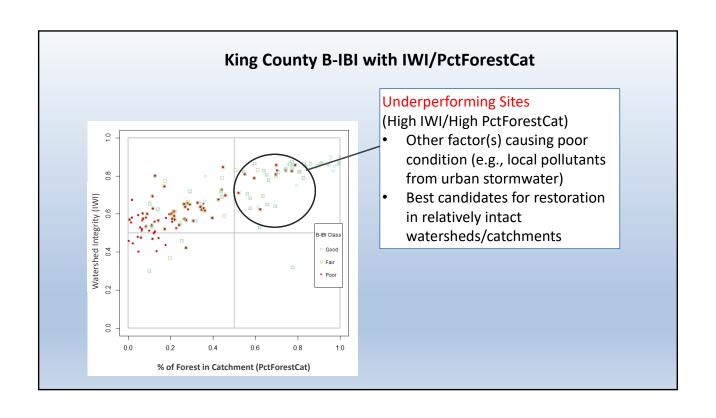


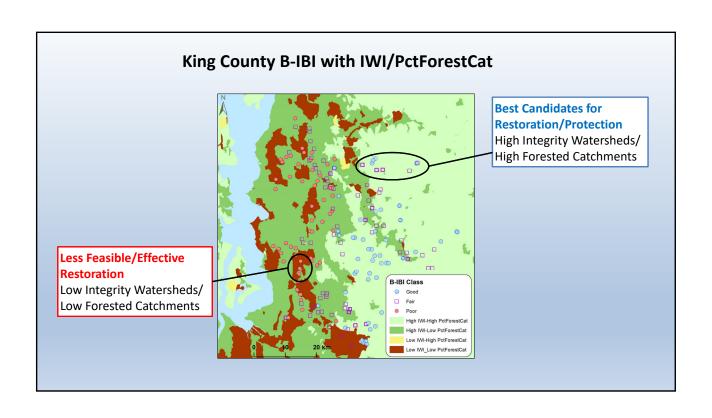


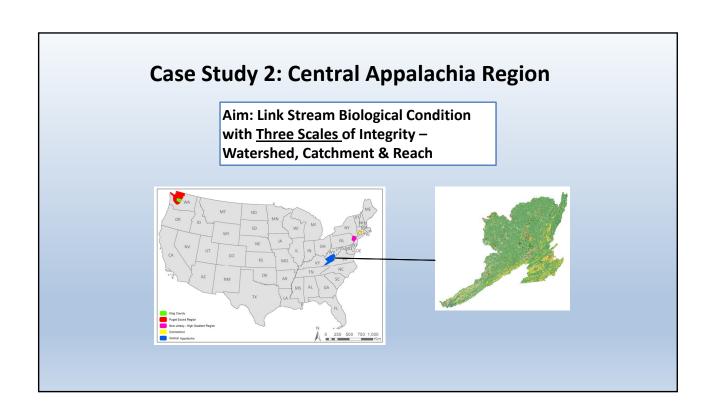


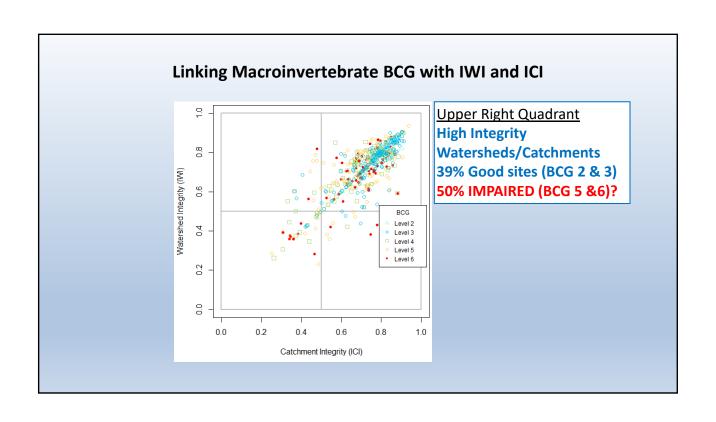
# Goals Develop a more effective landscape indicator for Puget Lowland/King County StreamCat - examine hundreds of candidate catchment/watershed indicators Determine if the new indicator fits the biological data better in scatterplot than the IWI/ICI?

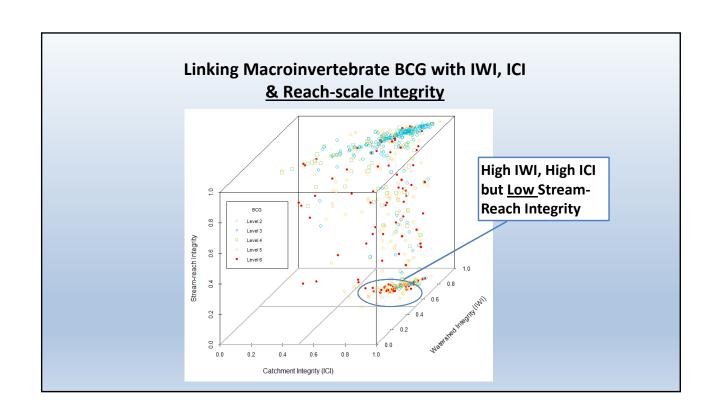


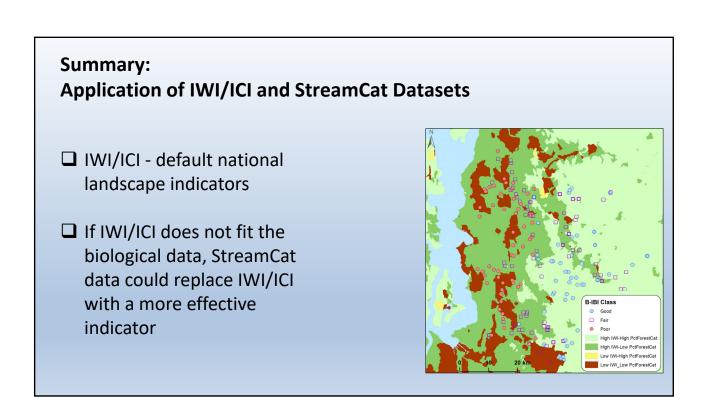


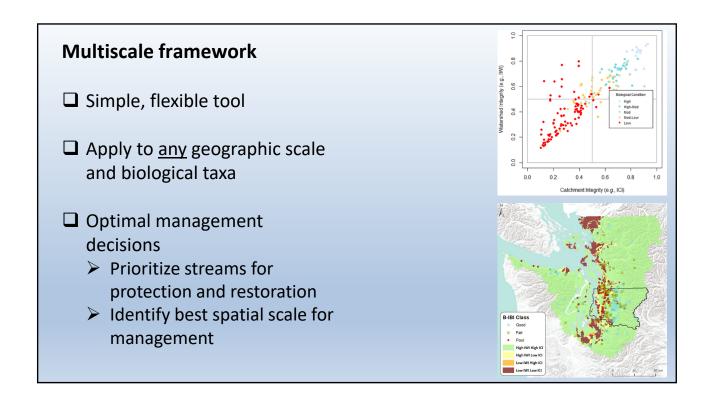


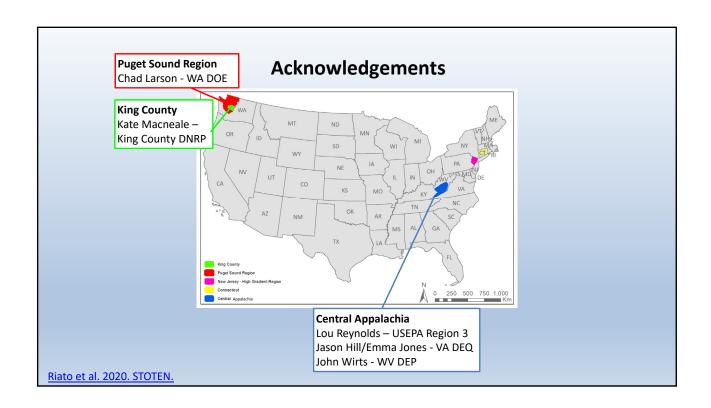


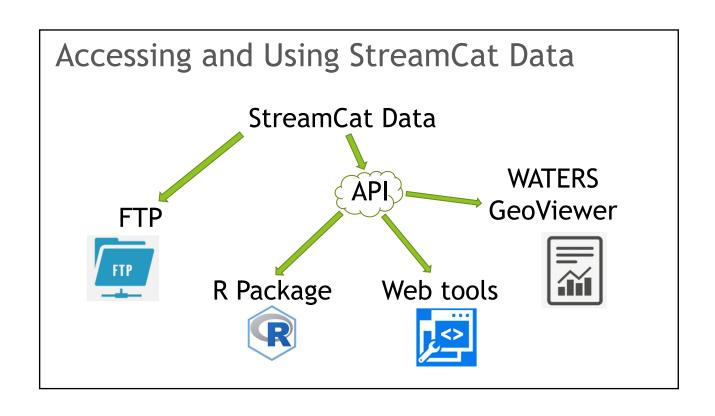


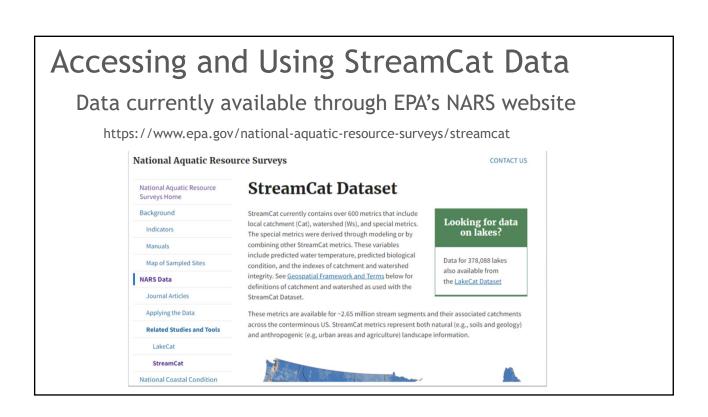












# Data currently available through EPA's NARS website

https://www.epa.gov/national-aquatic-resource-surveys/streamcat

## Access StreamCat Data

- Draft <u>StreamCat Web Tools</u> (requires VPN connection) NOTE!! Currently for internal uses
- only! Public availability in the near future
- Data by <u>HydroRegion</u>
- Data by <u>State</u>

   Data via EPA WATERS Watershed Characterization Service
- This is a service providing an HTML report or JSON object listing both standard NHDPlus
  and StreamCat metrics for a given COMID provided by the user. See HTML Examples in
  link above, and simply pass a COMID of interest to end of the URL (i.e. pComID=4795168).

## StreamCat Documentation

- A detailed description of the StreamCat Dataset and its development is now available in
- the <u>Journal of the American Water Resources Association</u> EXIT.
- Please include the following citation in any publication or presentation including StreamCat data: Hill, Ryan A., Marc H. Weber, Scott G. Leibowitz, Anthony R. Olsen, and Darren J. Thombrugh, 2016. The Stream-Catchment (StreamCat) Dataset: A Database of Watershed Metrics for the Conterminous United States, Journal of the American Water Resources Association (JAWRA) 52:120-128. DOI: 10.1111/1752-1688.12372.
- The <u>Read Me</u> file provides additional detail and important information on how to access and use the StreamCat Dataset.
- The <u>Variable List</u> provides a quick reference of available watershed metrics.
- The <u>Data Dictionary</u> provides a comprehensive description of each watershed metric and how they were derived.
- <u>Metadata</u>

# Accessing and Using StreamCat Data

List of variables and brief descriptions

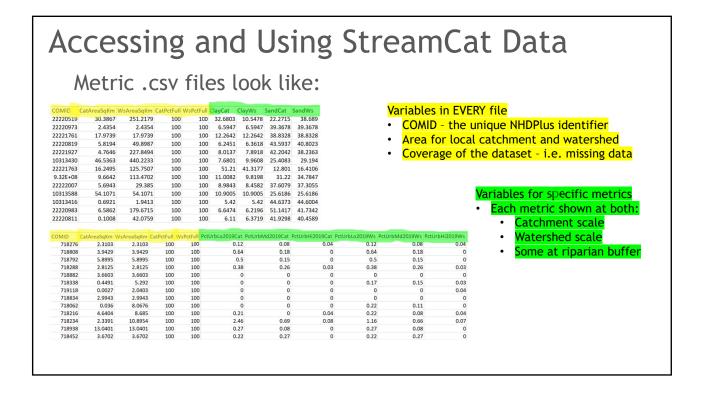
National Aquatic Resource Surveys Home  Background Indicators  Manuals  Map of Sampled Sites  NARS Data  National Aquatic Resource StreamCat Metro Definitions  Below is a list of the metrics included with S  - Variables with Cat appended to names a  - Variables with Wis appended to names a  - Metic Name - Short name of variables as		reamCat. e local catchment-level metrics. e full watershed metrics, stored in data tables	52	Pc88/2000/Ws/8p.100	% of watershed area classified as barren land cover (RLCD 2006 class 31) within a 100 m befor of NHD steams	NLCD2006Ripbuf100, (RegionIDI cox, NLCD2006Ripbuf100, (State IDI, cox
Journal Articles Applying the Data	Data Location - Table on <u>StreamCat FTP s</u>	Description - Brief definition of StreamCat metric     Data Location - Table on <u>StreamCat FTP site</u> where metric can be found     Download a file of the table below - StreamCat Variable List felsal     StreamCat Variable List felsal		PctOw2006Cst	% of catchment area classified as open water land cover (NLCD 2004 class 13)	NLC02066, [Region(0), csv. NLC02006, [State(0), csv
: ElevCot	Mean catchment elevation (m)		53			
2 ElevWs	Mean watershed elevation (m)	Elevation_(RegionID).csv, Elevation_(StateID).csv	54	PctOw2006Ws	% of watershed area classified as open water land cover (NLCD 2006 class 11)	NLCD2006_(RegionID).csv, NLCD2006_(StateID).csv

# Data available as zipped .csv files by:

- NHDPlus Hydroregion
- US State







# Advantage of current .csv delivery method:

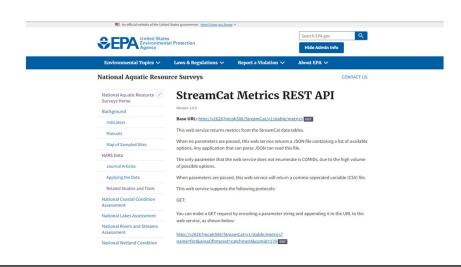
· Simple, open, machine-readable format

# Limitations of current .csv delivery method:

- Extra work to assemble all metrics or desired metrics for certain state / region
- Extra work to pull together a particular metric across states / regions
- · Data difficult to ingest directly into models or applications

# Accessing and Using StreamCat Data

Accessing using REST API

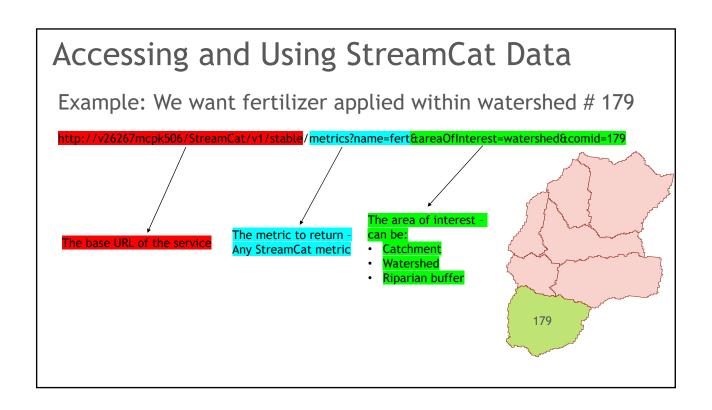


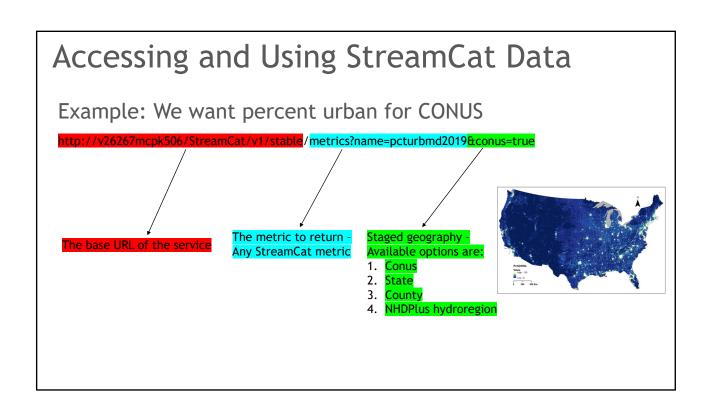
# Why a REST API?

A REST (Representational State Transfer) API (Application Programming Interface) is:

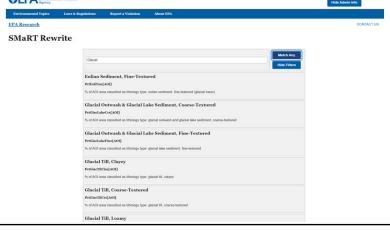
- 1. Lightweight they rely on http standard and are format-agnostic
- 2. Independent Client and server independent data storage separate from UI and server
- 3. Scalable and flexible separation of client and server allows easy scaling, developers can easily integrate REST APIs

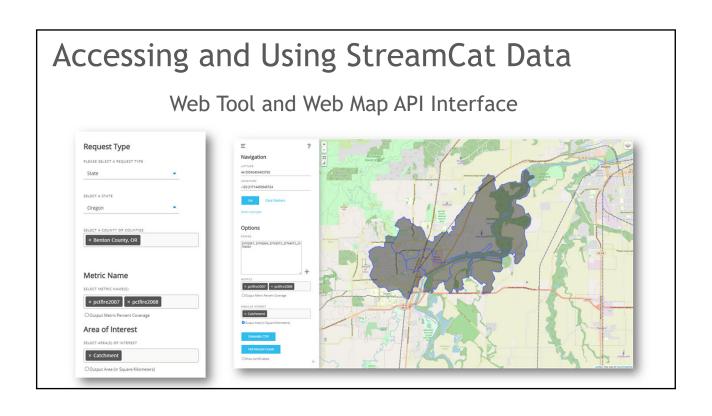
# Accessing and Using StreamCat Data Example: We want fertilizer applied within catchment # 179 http://v26267mcpk506/StreamCat/v1/stable/metrics?name=fertBareaOfInterest=catchmentBcomid=179 The area of interest can be: - Catchment - Watershed - Riparian buffer

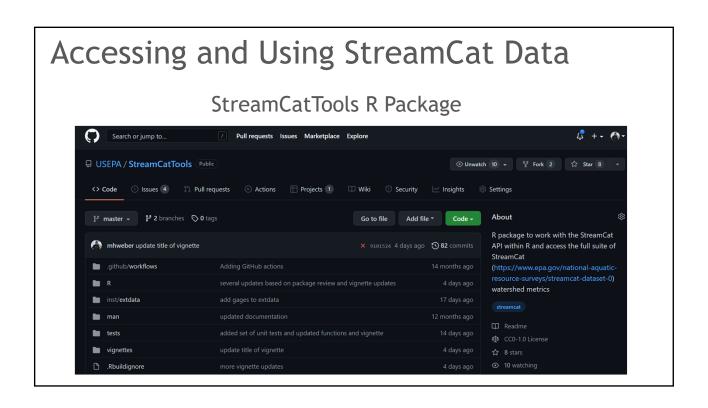




# Accessing and Using StreamCat Data Accessing using REST API Search for a particular metric and get details PERCENTION LEVE ROPE TO AMERICAN LEVE REPORT API SEARCH FOR THE PROPERTY API SEARCH FOR THE PROPERTY







# StreamCatTools R Package



# Introduction

Marc Weber

# 0.1 Installing and loading StreamCatTools

To install, currently you need to install from GitHub using devtools

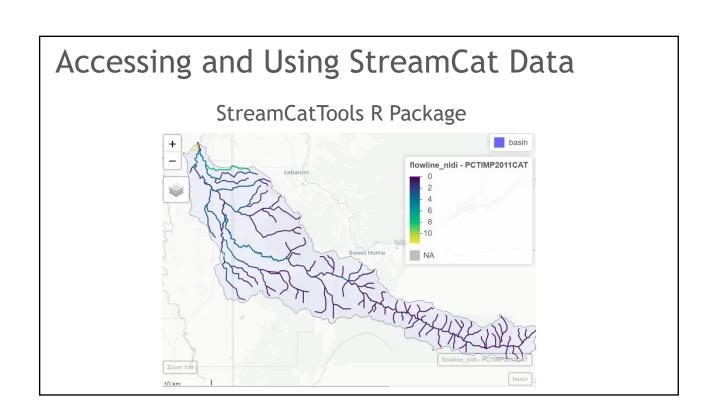
After installing load the library

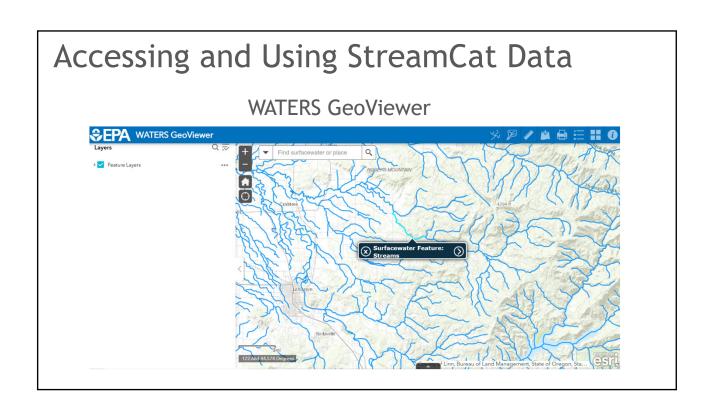
# 0.2 Background

The StreamCatTools package was designed to simplify the use of StreamCat data in R, leveraging the new API for StreamCat.

# 0.2.1 StreamCat API

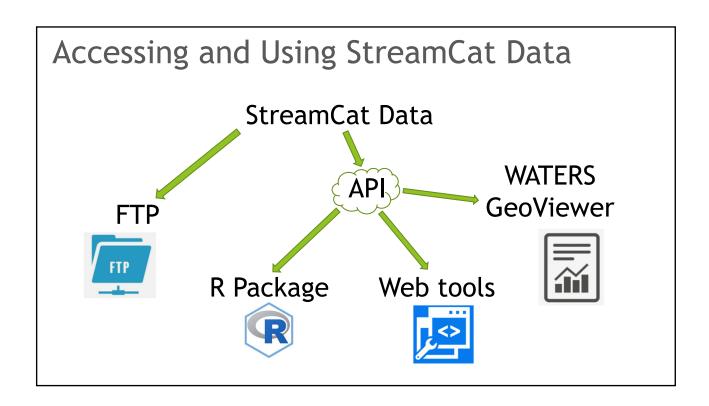
We can actually pull data into R from the StreamCat API by simply using the read\_csv function from the readr package. We have to hard-wire parameters and are limited in the number of records returned through a GET request.





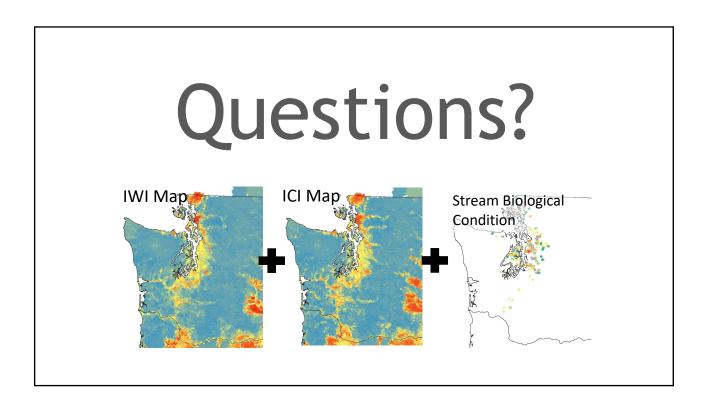
Waters Watershed Report Characterization - StreamCat

2006 National Land Cover Database Impervious Surfaces 🕕	Value	AOI Percent Covered*
Mean imperviousness of anthropogenic surfaces within catchment.	0.29%	100.00%
Mean imperviousness of anthropogenic surfaces within watershed.	0.02%	100.00%
Mine Density Active Mines and Mineral Plants in the US ①	Value	AOI Percent Covered*
Density of georeferenced mines and mineral plants within the local catchment.	0 sites/km²	100.00%
Density of georeferenced mines and mineral plants within the upstream watershed.	0 sites/km²	100.00%
	1	
National Anthropenic Barrier Dataset 🕕	Value	AOI Percent Covered*
Density of georeferenced dams within the local catchment (dams/square km).	0 dams/km²	100.00%
Density of georeferenced dams within the total upstream watershed (dams/square km).	0 dams/km²	100.00%
Mean NID storage volume of all dam reservoirs (NID_STORA in NID) within the local catchment (cubic meters/square km).	0 m³/km²	100.00%
Mean NID storage volume of all dam reservoirs (NID_STORA in NID) within the total upstream watershed (cubic meters/square km).	0 m³/km²	100.00%
Mean normal storage volume of all dam reservoirs (NORM_STORA in NID) within the local catchment (cubic meters/square km).	0 m³/km²	100.00%
Mean normal storage volume of all dam reservoirs (NORM_STORA in NID) within the total upstream watershed (cubic meters/square km).	0 m³/km²	100.00%



# Conclusions

- StreamCat and ICI/IWI available for 2.6 million streams segments of the U.S.
- IWI/ICI + additional information can help to understand and prioritize stream conservation actions
- Accessibility to StreamCat, ICI/IWI + hundreds of other metrics will greatly expand very soon



# Participation Certificate

• If you would like to obtain a participation certificate you can access the PDF in the **Handouts** section of your control panel.

# Questions?

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# Watershed Academy Webcasts

More webcasts coming soon!

The slides from today's presentations are posted on the Watershed Academy webpage.

A recording of the webcast will be posted within the next month.

www.epa.gov/watershedacademy

# **Contact Information**

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https://www.epa.gov/national-aquatic-resource-surveys/streamcatdataset-0

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# Thank You!